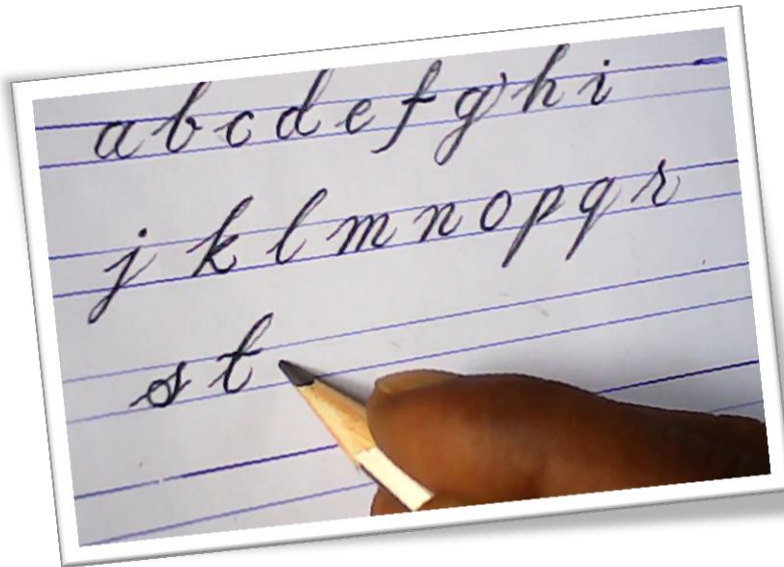




DISTRICT PUBLIC SCHOOL & COLLEGE DEPALPUR

Winter Vacation Homework
Session 2020-21

Subject: English



Class:7

Student's Name: _____

Father's Name: _____

Section: _____

7th English

2nd Semester Block syllabi (2020-2021)

English A

Course Book units: 4,5,6,7 (MCQS words sentence, comprehension)

Unit:4 Reading pg#49(Ex-B3,4) Pg#50(Ex-c1,2)

Unit:5 Reading pg#62(Ex-c1)

Unit:6 Reading pg#77 (ex-B1) pg#78 (Ex-c1)

Unit:7 Reading pg#85(Ex-A2)pg#86(Ex-B1-C1)

Poems: (1)Listener (2)London's Summer morning(3):Home and love ,(4)No (Reading only)

Work Book: 4,5,6,7

Unit#4pg#38(A2) Pg#39 (B2,3)Unit#5pg#60(A3,4)unit#6 pg#74(D1) Pg#76(D2) Unit#7 pg#79(B2)

Grammar Tree: Definitions of all the concepts will be done in the class

pg#77 (Ex-A) Pg#85(Ex-E) pg#88 (Ex-A) pg#97 (Ex-C) pg#100(Ex-B) pg#111(Ex-J) pg#120(Ex-D)

Novel: Animal Farm Review of first 5 chapters ch# (6-10)

English B: Applications(1) for remission of fine (2)permission for school trip(3) for getting scholarship

Stories:(1) Try try again (2)Slow and steady wince the race

Tenses: All perfect and perfect continuous tenses (Affirmative, negative, interrogative, wh sentences) Forms of verb: (fight-move)

Date: 26th November, 2020.

Day: Thursday

Unit 4 "The Carew Murder Case"

Choose the best option:

1) Nearly a year later, in the month of _____, London was startled by a crime of singular ferocity and made all the more notable by the high position of victim.

- (a) September (b) October (c) November (d) December

2) A maid servant living alone in a house not far from the river, had gone up-stairs to bed about _____.

- (a) ten (b) eleven (c) twelve (d) thirteen

3) It seems she was _____, for she sat down upon her box, which stood immediately under the window.

- (a) pretty (b) fanciful (c) nice (d) beautiful

4) Presently, her eye wandered to the other, and she was _____ to recognize in him a certain Mr. Hyde.

- (a) surprised (b) wondered (c) astonished (d) fanciful

5) The old gentleman took a step _____ with the air of one very much surprised.

- (a) Back (b) front (c) forward (d) inside

6) Mr Utterson and the _____ exchanged glances.

- (a) men (b) policeman (c) inspector (d) none of them

7) An ivory-faced and silvery haired _____ woman opened the door.

- (a) old (b) young (c) beautiful (d) fat

8) A cupboard was filled with _____ and drinks.

- (a) food (b) apples (c) fruits (d) peanuts

9) _____ reflected; and then raising his head.

- (a) woman (b) Mr Utterson (c) criminal (d) Carew

10) It was _____ o'clock when she came to herself.

- (a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5

Words sentences:

Words	Sentences
Victim	He was the victim of an error.
Attention	My attention was not really on the game.
Surprised	What a pleasant surprise to see you!
Ambition	My first ambition as a child was to be in the circus.
Surrounding	A wall surrounds the old city.
Excellent	Her new movie has received excellent reviews.
Impatience	The child's impatience for charismas morning is engaging.
Pretty	She received a pretty sum of money.
Particularly	Pay particularly close attention to the second paragraph.
trifle	The money is the trifle for me.

Make the sentences of the following words.

words	sentences
Attention	
Surprised	
Ambition	
Surrounding	
excellent	
victim	
Impatience	
Pretty	
Particularly	
trifle	

Date:27th November,2020.

Day: Friday

Unit#04 "The carew Murder Case"

Comprehension passage:

It was two o'clock when she came to herself and called for the police. Th criminal was gone long ago; but there lay his victim in the middle of the lane, incredibly beaten up. The stick with which the dead had been done, although it was of some rare and very tough and heavy wood, had broken in the middle and one splintered half had rolled in the neighboring gutter-the other, without doubt, had been carried away by the killer. A purse and a gold watch were found upon the victim.

Q#1 What was the time when she came to herself?

Ans: _____

Q#2 Where was the criminal?

Ans: _____

Q#3 Who was laying in the middle of the street?

Ans: _____

Q#4 What was found upon the victim?

Ans: _____

Q#5 What is the name of the story?

Ans: _____

Book Exercise

What do you think is meant by each of the following proverb?

1. All work and no play makes jack a dull boy.

Mean :One should spend some time on relaxation and not all one's time on work alone.

2. As you make your bed so must you lie in it.

Mean: each one must bear the consequences (good or bad) of his own actions.

3.Honesty is the best policy.

Mean:In the long run being honest will bring more profit, happiness etc

4.Don not make a mountain out of a molehill.

Mean: Do not treat unimportant matters as being to important.

5.Do not put the cart before the horse.

Mean: We should deal with the things in the right order.

6.Half a loaf is better than no bread.

Mean: We should be thankful for what we receive, even if we receive less than what was we hoped for.

C:1 Add -ly to the following adjectives to make adverb.

Necessary	Necessarily	angry	angrily
ordinary	ordinarily	naughty	naughtily
cosy	cosily	happy	happily
satisfactory	satisfactorily	voluntary	voluntarily
noisy	noisily	merry	merrily
cheery	cheerily	temporary	temporarily

Date:28th November,2020.

Day: Saturday

C:2 Add-0us to the following nouns to make adjectives

Luxury	Luxurious	industry	industrious
Fury	Furious	melody	melodious
Mystery	Mysterious	glory	glorious
Injury	Injurious		

Comprehension passage:

The plot of land stood adjacent to the park. Nobody had thought of developing the site, because everyone had assumed it was part of the park. A building had once stood on the plot, but now there was only a heap of rubble. Three or four walls still remained, outlining where rooms had once been, but it would only be a matter of time before these too crumbled and joined the large heaps of debris on the ground. Bricks, stone slabs, rotten bits of wood with protruding nails, broken glass and twisted, rusting metal, along with heaps of smashed tiles, were widely strewn around the area, some partially-and dangerously- hidden and covered by the thick undergrowth thorn shrubs and grasses.

Q#1 What was assumed by everyone?

Ans:-----

Q#2 What was stood on the plot?

Ans:-----

Q#3 How many walls were still remained?

Ans:-----

Q#4 Which things were strewn around the area?

Ans:-----

Q#5 What is the name of the story?

Ans:-----

Work Book:

Unit #04

Add –able, -ment, less, ful or –ing to the following words some words may take two suffixes. Check each word in a dictionary.

argue	Argument, arguing	hope	Hopeless, hopeful, hoping
agree	Agreement, agreeing	purpose	Purposeless, purposeful
love	Loveable, loveless, loving	foresee	Foreseeable, foreseeing
comfort	Comfortable, comforting	determine	Determinable, determining
purchase	Purchasable, purchasing	handle	Handling

B.2 Here are some compound words, but they have been split up. Can you make the compound words?

- A. Something
- B. Within
- c. themselves
- d. unknown
- e. instead

f. everything

g. aircraft

B.3 Here are some more compound words but they have been split up. Each of these should be joined with a hyphen(-)

a.life-saving

b. see-sa

c.horse-power

d. wing-span

e.far-reaching f.long-distance g. fifty-nine

Date: 30th November, 2020.

Day: Monday

Unit#05 'Amer's Cafe'

Choose the right option from the following.

1)The plot of land stood adjacent to the _____.

- (a)ground (b) park (c)garden (d)city

2)A building had once stood on the plot, but now there was only a heap of _____.

- (a)rubble (b)rubber (c)grains (d)wheat

3)_____ stone slabs, rotten bites of wood with protruding nails, glass and twisted , rusting metal along with heaps of smashed tiles.

- (a)sand (b) bricks (c)small stones (d)none of them

4)But now no one ventured on to this uncared-for _____.

- (a)sit (b) site (c)stand (d)sight

5)Aamar said to his wife abruptly one _____, as he was preparing to set off for work.

6)Aamer did not look at her directly or give her an answer right _____.

- (a)near (b)away (c)close (d)fast

7)Aamer pushed his _____ to the top of the cobbled alley and on to the main road.

- (a)cycle (b)bicycle (c)car (d)bus

8)All the final negotiations and visits to the bank could be undertaken with _____ and piece of mind.

- (a)greater (b)smaller (c)bigger (d)higher

9)As he wheeled his unsteady bicycle past the forlorn site, Aamer saw in his _____ was the cafe's would look like.

- (a)mind (b)head (c)intelligence (d) leg

10)Maham was there too, somewhere in the _____ ground.

- (a)front (b)back (c)big (d)small

Date: 1st December,2020.

Day: Tuesday

Words sentences:

Words	Sentences
Abruptly	The left the room abruptly.
Occasions	She wrote a song especially for the occasion.
Explanation	The professor's explanation was excellent.
Revealed	She would not revealed the secret.
Comfortable	This sofa is comfortable.
Customs	It took us a long time to clear customs at the border.
Lend	The bank would not lend us the money.
Goal	She pursued her goal of starting her own business.
heap	She left her dirty clothes in a heap on the floor.

Make the sentences of the following words.

words	sentences
Abruptly	
Occasions	
Explanation	
Revealed	
Comfortable	
Customs	
Lend	
Goal	
heap	

Date:2nd December,2020.

Day: Wednesday

Write out the three forms for the following adjectives

Happy	happier	happiest
talkative	More talkative	Most talkative
depressed	More depressed	Most depressed
quiet	quieter	quietest
lonely	lonelier	loneliest
few	fewer	fewest
clever	cleverer	cleverest
hopeless	More hopeless	Most hopeless
shabby	shabbier	shabbiest
rugged	More rugged	Most rugged

Work Book

B.3 Add nouns (used as adjectives) to the following

- a. flower garden
- b. floor tile
- c. plant root
- d. animal cage
- e. light house
- f. glass window

B.4 Now add nouns the following adjectives.

- a. garden plant
- b. post box
- c. dress material
- d. fluid gold
- e. mask dance
- f. book jacket

Unit#06 'The machine stops'

Choose the best option

- 1.The _____ touched a switch and the music was silent.

Date:3rd December,2020.

Day: Thursday

Words/sentences

Words	sentences
Isolation	He wants to spend time in isolation.
Instrument	The instrument designed to measure the earths' atmosphere.
Irritable	I came home from work feeling tired and irritable.
Communication	He is studying inset communication.
Horrible	He suffered a horrible death.
Complaint	The board has received a number of complaint about the new policy.
Artificial	I saw an artificial car in the market.
Scarcely	He could scarcely control his joy.
Suppose	Just suppose for a moment that you agreed with me.
Melodious	This room is throbbing with melodious sounds.

Make the sentences of the following words

words	sentences
Isolation	
Instrument	
Irritable	
Communication	
Horrible	
Complaint	
Artificial	
Scarcely	
Suppose	
Melodious	

Date:4th December,2020.

Day: Friday

Book exercise

B.1

Complete the following; see if you can think of any new comparisons part from the obvious ones which you have read before.

1. As busy as bee
2. As stiff as brick
3. As black as tar coal
4. As gay as parrot
5. As rich as Jew
6. As fierce as a lion
7. As regular as a clock
8. As plain as eating
9. As false as sky
10. As red as a carrot
11. As heavy as a mountain
12. As happy as a lark
13. As clean as whistle
14. As fragile as a dream
15. As tough as a leather

Work Book

D.1

To be out of one's depth	To be engaged in a task that is too difficult
To be in deep water	To be in difficulties
To be at sea	To be confused
To be at the helm	To be in command
To put to sea	To start on a sea voyage

Date: 5th December, 2020.

Day: Saturday

Unit#07 'The story of Keesh'

Choose the best option

1. The father of Keesh had been a very _____ man.
(a) coward (b) intelligent (c) brave (d) pious
2. The chief of tribe was _____
(a) Klash- Kwan (b) Ugh – Gluk (c) Bok (d) none
3. Early next _____, Keesh strode into the village.
(a) Morning (b) evening (c) night (d) dawn
4. Keesh had seen _____ suns.
(a) thirteen (b) Fourteen (c) twenty (d) ten
5. Keesh was a _____ boy.
(a) Dull (b) bright (c) nice (d) none
6. The council was held in the igloo of _____.
(a) Klash-kwan (b) kitty (c) Ugh-Gulk (d) none of them
7. The council was held at _____
(a) day (b) night (c) morning (d) evening
8. Each winter the sun leaves the land in _____.
(a) darkness (b) happiness (c) sadness (d) excited
9. Bok Brought meat more than any _____ hunters.
(a) eight (b) two (c) four (d) nine
10. Keesh lived long ago on the _____
(a) sea (b) ocean (c) rim (d) stream

Date:7th December,2020.

Day: Monday

Words/sentences

words	sentences
accomplish	There are several different ways to accomplish the same task.
grizzled	He had thinning hair and grizzled beard.
prosperous	The company had a prosperous year.
determined	We are making a determined effort to correct our mistakes.
suddenly	Suddenly I saw a lion.
apportioned	He apportioned the meat among the poor.
dignity	She showed dignity in defeat.
crushed	The bear crushed the bones of man.
grapple	The bear grappled the man in the forest.
swiftly	The river was flowing swiftly.

Make the sentences of the following words

words	sentences
accomplish	
grizzled	
prosperous	
determined	
suddenly	
apportioned	
dignity	
crushed	
grapple	
swiftly	

Date:8th December,2020.

Day: Tuesday

work Book

Unit#07

B.2

Answers the following questions. Use the present perfect tense and the word given in brackets after each question.

1.Has your father ever driven a car at 160 kilometers per hour? (never)

No, my father has never driven car at 160 kilometers per hour.

2.Why don't you open this book? (already)

I have already begun Book 7.

3.Have you written the answer to question 4? (just)

I have just written the answer to question 3.

4.Have you answered question 7? (yet)

No, I have not answered question 7 yet

5.Have you visited your grand parents recently? (recently)

Yes, I have visited my grandparents recently.

6.Would you like to read yesterday's newspaper? (already)

No, I have already read yesterday's newspaper.

7.Have you ever bought a car? (ever)

No, I don't think I have ever bought a car.

8.Have we completed this exercise now? (just)

No, we have not completed this exercise yet . We have just completed question 1.

9.Why don't you read pages 65 now? (just)

I have just read page 65

Unit#07

Book Exercise

Part A .2

Choose the best option

1.----- and the air is filled with flying white ---- ‘this refers to

a.the clouds in the sky

b.snow in the wind

c.the birds

2.Keesh decided to go hunting in order to

a.show his bravery

b. prove the elders wrong

c.feed himself and his mother and the ensure all got meat

3.The means by which Keesh killed animals was by

a.magic

b. blubber

c.headcraft

4.Keesh sent reply to the council to say his igloo was large and comfortable in order to

a. make them come to him (and thereby show his power).

b. show them his igloo was well built and spacious

c. let them know he was too tired to attend the meeting elsewhere

B part .1

Match the following idioms with the meaning given below.

Idioms	Meanings
It (all) boils down to---	In short
To iron out differences	To smooth over an argument and qurrel
To leave well alone	Not to interfere with something
To mind one’s Ps and Qs	To be very polite and careful about what one says or does
To split hairs	To make distinctions that are too small to be important or of value
To ran cats and dogs	To rain heavily

C.1 Which of the following groups of words are phrases?

c. The day before the feast

e. a toy for the baby g. over the river

f. near the tree

Date:9th December,2020.

Day: Wednesday

Grammar Tree

Pg#77 (EX-a)

Underline the adverbs in the sentences given below.

1. The nightingale sang melodiously.
2. The nightingale has a very melodious voice.
3. My sister has been temporarily appointed as the class monitor.
4. We can obviously not play outside if it rains today.
5. However, the minister refused to comment on the topic.
6. I will surely let you know if I hear any good news.
7. I briefly saw him as he entered his house.
8. I distinctly remember leaving my notebook here.
9. The waterfall is easily accessible by road.
10. The machines were checked daily for faults.
11. The girl ran upstairs to check the source of the noise.
12. We need to leave soon or we will miss the bus.



Answers:

- 1.melodiously
- 2.very
- 3.temporarily
- 4.obviously
5. however
- 6.surely
7. briefly
- 8.distinctly, here
- 9.easily
- 10.daily
- 11.upstairs
- 12.soon

Date:10th December,2020.

Day: Thursday

Pg#85(ex-E)

Rewrite the sentences using the adverbs or adverb phrases given in brackets.

1. He has given up his claim. (reluctantly, recently, at the meeting)
2. Raana wrote the slogans. (on the wall, clearly)
3. She donated money. (at the event, generously, this morning)
4. He accepted the position. (at a group meeting, happily)
5. He went. (in the morning, there)
6. She was injured. (a little, a week ago, on the playground)
7. He spoke to the teacher. (in the class, yesterday, wisely)
8. He behaved. (at a reception, two days ago, badly)
9. I will write the story. (in detail, at my country house, very soon)
10. She works. (in her office, hard, the whole day)
11. Haris came. (in the morning, hurriedly, into the room)
12. He talked to me. (at the door, two days ago, emotionally)
13. He read the letter. (during the break, at the office, eagerly)
14. The old woman walked. (in the evening, to the bus stop, slowly)
15. A change occurred. (two years ago, in the entire organisation, gradually)



Answers:

- 1.He has given up his clean reluctantly at the meeting recently.
- 2.Raana wrote the slogans clearly on the wall.
3. She donated money generously at the event this morning.
4. He accepted the position happily at a group meeting.
- 5 He went there in the morning.
6. She was injured a little on the playground a week ago.
- 7.He spoke to the teacher wisely in the class yesterday.
- 8.He behaved badly at a reception two days ago
9. I will write the story in detail at my country house very soon.
- 10.She works hard in her office the whole day.

11.Haris came hurriedly in to the room in the morning.

12.He talked to me emotionally at the door two days ago.

13.He read the letter eagerly at the office during the break.

14.The old woman walked slowly to the bus stop in the evening.

15.A change occurred gradually in the entire organization two years

Date: 11th December, 2020.

Day: Friday

Pg#88

Choose the correct words to complete the sentences given below.

1. Asim's fever has come down Friday. He has been absent a week now. (for/ since)
2. The child sat his father and mother, the parents of all his classmates. (between/among)
3. There are mosquitoes the room. They flew the room when the door was open. (into/in)
4. My father was the drawing room when I was playing my house. (outside/inside)
5. You may sit me. I will give you a drawing book and pencils a storybook. (beside/besides)
6. We went the market in the morning and walked the riverfront in the evening. (to/towards)
7. The child walked the pavement and the street safely. (across/along)
8. This table top is made glass. My breakfast fell it in the morning. (off/of)
9. The pan is the gas stove. There are vegetables it. (on/in)
10. We will wait for you the bus stop. There are a lot of people the hall. (at/in)

All the words required to complete the sentences given above are prepositions.

A preposition is a word typically placed before a noun or a pronoun. It helps to show how the person or thing denoted by the noun is related to something else in the sentence.

Answers:

- | | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| 1. since, for | 7. along, across |
| 2. between, among | 8. of, off |
| 3. In, into | 9. on, in |
| 4. Inside, outside | 10. at, in |
| 5. Beside, besides | |
| 6. To, towards | |

Date:15th December,2020.

Day: Tuesday

Topic: Application

(for remission of fine)

The principle,

District public school & collage,

A.B.C

Respected Madam,

I was down with typhoid and could not submit my application for leave. I could not pay my school either. My name was struck off for absence and non- payment of fine. I, therefore, request you to remit my fine. My class teacher will bear me out that I am a regular and diligent student.

Yours obediently,

X .Y.Z.

Date: 22nd October, 2020

Write application for remission of fine

Date:18th December,2020.

Day: Friday

Topic: Forms of verb

1 st form of verb	2 nd form of verb	3 rd form of verb
fight	fought	fought
fill	filled	filled
fix	fixed	fixed
float	floated	floated
forgive	forgave	forgiven
Govern	governed	governed
Guess	guessed	guessed
Hang	hung	hung
Hang	Hanged	hanged
Happen	happened	happened
hate	hated	hated
hide	hid	hidden
hold	held	held
Hope	hoped	hoped
Hunt	hunted	hunted
Hurt	hurt	hurt
Invent	invented	invented
Join	joined	joined
Joke	joked	joked
Kick	Kicked	killed
Kill	killed	killed
Knee	knelt	knelt
Last	lasted	lasted
Lead	led	led
Lend	lent	lent
Let	let	let

Lift	lifted	lifted
Like	liked	liked
Lock	locked	locked
Lose	lost	lost
Love	loved	loved
Marry	married	married
May	might	might
Mean	meant	meant
Meet	met	met
Mend	mended	mended
Mistake	Mistook	mistaken
Mix	mixed	mixed
move	moved	moved

Date: 19th December, 2020.

Day: Saturday

Present perfect continuous tense:

فعل ماضی قریب جاری (present perfect continuous tense) کے اردو جملوں کے آخر میں "تارہا ہے"، "تے رہے ہیں"، "تی رہی ہے" وغیرہ آتا ہے۔ یہ فعل ایسے کاموں کے لیے استعمال ہوتا ہے جو زمانہ حال میں ایک "مقررہ وقت" یا "مدت" سے جاری ہوں۔
انگریزی میں ترجمہ کرنے کا طریقہ:

(i) اس tense کے مثبت جملوں کا انگریزی میں ترجمہ کرنے کے لیے third person کے واحد فاعل کے لیے has been اور باقی ہر فاعل (subject) کے لیے have been لگایا جاتا ہے۔ اس کے بعد فعل کی "ing" والی فارم لگائی جاتی ہے۔
(ii) مقررہ وقت کے اظہار کے لیے ing والی فارم کے بعد since آتا ہے۔ مقررہ مدت کے لیے for آتا ہے۔
ذیل میں کچھ مثالیں دی جا رہی ہیں تاکہ طلباء کو اس tense کی اچھی طرح سمجھا جائے۔

1. I have been writing a letter since morning.

1. میں صبح سے خط لکھ رہا ہوں۔

2. We have been travelling for two hours.

2. ہم دو گھنٹے سے سفر کر رہے ہیں۔

3. It has been blowing hard since evening.

3. شام سے تیز ہوا چل رہی ہے۔

4. It has been hailing for five hours.

4. پانچ گھنٹے سے ژالہ باری ہو رہی ہے۔

5. They have been living in this city since 1990.

5. وہ 1990ء سے اس شہر میں رہ رہے ہیں۔

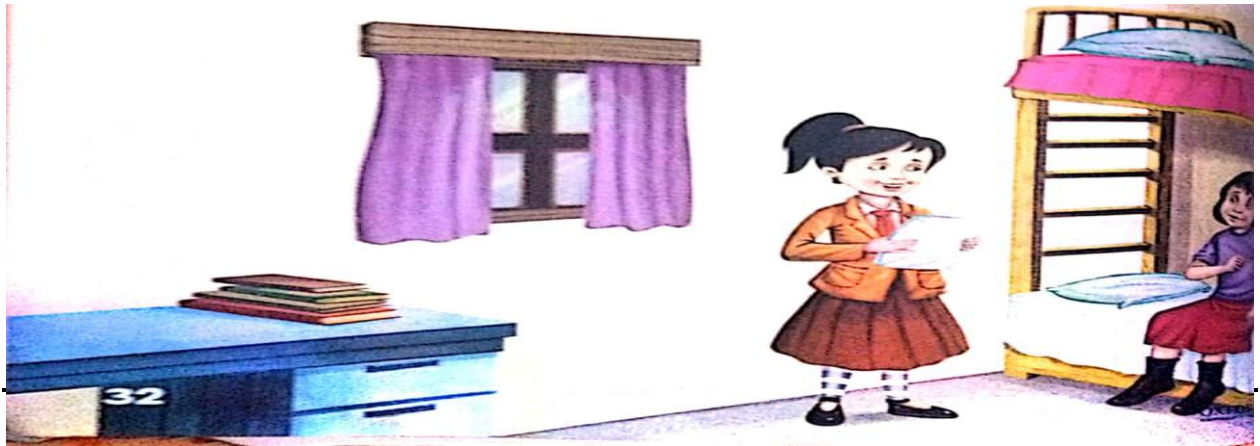
6. Children have been making a noise since noon.

6. بچے دوپہر سے شور مچا رہے ہیں۔

7. You have been taking a bath for fifteen minutes.

7. تم پندرہ منٹ سے نہا رہے ہو۔

Write 5 sentences to describe this picture



Date: 21st December, 2020.

Day: Monday

Write 5 sentences to describe this picture



Present Perfect Tense (Passive Voice) (مجبول) فعل حال مکمل

مثبت جملے Affirmative Sentences

اُردو میں فعل حال مکمل (مجبول) کی پہچان کی مختلف صورتیں ہیں۔ اُردو فقرات کے آخر میں ”جا چکا ہوں“، ”جا چکے ہیں“، ”جا چکی ہے“، ”جا چکے“ یا ”دیا گیا ہے“، ”دی گئی ہے“، یا ”دیے گئے ہیں“ وغیرہ آتا ہے۔

اس tense کا انگریزی میں ترجمہ کرنے کے لیے object (مفعول) کی حالتِ فاعلی کے ساتھ "has been" یا "have been" لگا کر verb کی تیسری فارم لگاتے ہیں۔ اگر فقرے میں فاعل موجود ہو تو by لگا کر اس کی حالتِ مفعولی لگاتے ہیں۔ ذیل میں اس tense کی کچھ مثالیں دی جا رہی ہیں۔ طلبان پر اچھی طرح غور کریں۔

1. Laws have been violated. 1. قوانین کی خلاف ورزی کی گئی ہے۔
2. Azra has been punished by the headmistress. 2. عذرا کو ہیڈ مسٹریس کی طرف سے سزا دی جا چکی ہے۔
3. Fish have been sold. 3. مچھلیاں فروخت کی جا چکی ہیں۔
4. Bilal has been fined for telling a lie. 4. بلال کو جھوٹ بولنے پر جرمانہ کیا گیا ہے۔
5. I have taken my breakfast. 5- میں ناشتہ کر چکا ہوں۔
6. We have heard the songs. 6- ہم نے گیت سن لیے ہیں۔
7. The dog has caught the rabbit. 7- کتے نے خرگوش کو پکڑ لیا ہے۔
8. The rats have made holes in the wall. 8- چوہوں نے دیواروں میں بل بنالے ہیں۔
9. The boys have stolen eggs from the nest. 9- لڑکوں نے گھونسلے سے انڈے چُرا لیے ہیں۔
10. The rainy season has set in. 10- موسمِ بربسات شروع ہو چکا ہے۔
11. The winter has come to an end. 11- موسمِ سرما ختم ہو چکا ہے۔
12. The plants have grown into trees. 12- پودے بڑھ کر درخت بن چکے ہیں۔
13. The poor man has grown rich. 13- غریب آدمی امیر ہو چکا ہے۔
14. Amjad has won the prize. 14- امجد انعام حاصل کر چکا ہے۔
15. We have accepted the invitation. 15- ہم نے دعوت قبول کر لی ہے۔

While translating negative sentences we use not between "has" or "have" and the third form of the verb as the following sentences show:

1. He has not torn the book. -1 اس نے کتاب نہیں پھاڑی ہے۔
2. They have not waited for us. -2 انہوں نے ہمارا انتظار نہیں کیا ہے۔
3. The principal has not closed the school. -3 پرنسپل نے سکول بند نہیں کیا ہے۔
4. We have not taken tea. -4 ہم چائے پی نہیں چکے ہیں۔
5. The train has not started. -5 گاڑی روانہ نہیں ہوئی ہے۔
6. The mason has not left the work incomplete. -6 مستری نے کام ادھورا نہیں چھوڑا ہے۔
7. The king has not taken off the crown. -7 بادشاہ نے تاج نہیں اتارا ہے۔
8. The hen has not laid the egg. -8 مرغی انڈا نہیں دے چکی ہے۔
9. The peacock has not danced in the forest. -9 موہر جنگل میں نہیں ناچا ہے۔
10. The sun has not set in. -10 سورج نہیں ڈوب چکا ہے۔
11. The patient has not taken the medicine. -11 مریض نے دوائی نہیں پی ہے۔
12. The labourers have not gone on a strike. -12 مزدوروں نے ہڑتال نہیں کی ہے۔
13. The women have not made up the bride. -13 عورتوں نے دلہن کو نہیں سنوارا ہے۔
14. The bridegroom has not put on new clothes. -14 دوہلے نے نئے کپڑے نہیں پہنے ہیں۔

فعل ماضی بعید Past Perfect Tense

مثبت جملے Affirmative Sentences

اس tense کے اردو جملوں کے آخر میں "چکا تھا"، "پکے تھے"، "لیا تھا"، "لی تھی"، "لے لیے تھے" وغیرہ آتا ہے۔
past perfect tense (فعل ماضی بعید) اُس وقت استعمال ہوتا ہے جب ماضی میں اوپر نیچے دو کام ہوئے ہوں جو کام پہلے ہوا ہو اُس کے لیے past perfect tense استعمال ہوتا ہے جو کام بعد میں ہوا ہو اُس کے لیے past indefinite tense استعمال کرتے ہیں۔ ایسے جملے جن میں ماضی میں اوپر نیچے دو کام ہوئے ہوں اُن کی کچھ مثالیں ذیل میں دی جا رہی ہیں۔ طلباء اُن کو اچھی طرح سمجھ لیں۔

- 1 The sun had set when I reached Karachi. جب میں کراچی پہنچا تو سورج غروب ہو چکا تھا۔
- 2 The patient had died before the doctor came. ڈاکٹر کے آنے سے پہلے مریض دم توڑ چکا تھا۔
- 3 They had left for London before we came here. ہمارے یہاں آنے سے پہلے وہ لندن کے لیے روانہ ہو چکے تھے۔
- 4 The procession had dispersed before the army came. فوج کے آنے سے پہلے جلوس منتشر ہو چکا تھا۔

نیز یہ tense ایک کام والے ایسے جملوں میں بھی استعمال ہوتا ہے جن میں till, already یا before استعمال کیا جا رہا ہو۔ ایسے جملوں کا انگریزی میں ترجمہ کرنے کے لیے فاعل (subject) کے ساتھ had لگا کر verb کی تیسری فارم لگاتے ہیں۔
ایسے جملوں کی کچھ مثالیں نیچے دی جا رہی ہیں۔ طلباء ان کو اچھی طرح سمجھ لیں۔

- 1 I had already informed Hameed. 1. میں حمید کو پہلے ہی مطلع کر چکا تھا۔
- 2 He had already written the letter. 2. وہ پہلے ہی خط لکھ چکا تھا۔

PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS TENSE

Study the following sentences:

- 1- People have been coming to the park since morning. -1 لوگ صبح سے سیرگاہ میں آرہے ہیں۔
- 2- The players have been playing football since 4 o'clock. -2 کھلاڑی چار بجے سے فٹ بال کھیل رہے ہیں۔
- 3- The child has been weeping for two hours. -3 بچہ دو گھنٹے سے رو رہا ہے۔
- 4- The girl has been taking medicine for three days. -4 لڑکی تین دن سے دوائی پی رہی ہے۔
- 5- The student has been working hard for four months. -5 طالب علم چار ماہ سے محنت کر رہا ہے۔
- 6- The girls have been coming to college for two years. -6 لڑکیاں دو سال سے کالج آرہی ہیں۔
- 7- The teacher has been teaching since 8 o'clock. -7 استاد آٹھ بجے سے پڑھا رہا ہے۔
- 8- Asghar has been taking a bath for fifteen minutes. -8 اصغر پندرہ منٹ سے نہا رہا ہے۔
- 9- We have been waiting for you for several hours. -9 ہم کئی گھنٹوں سے آپ کا انتظار کر رہے ہیں۔
- 10- People have been gathering to welcome the president since evening. -10 لوگ شام سے صدر کا استقبال کرنے کیلئے جمع ہو رہے ہیں۔
- 11- He has been living in this house since 1982. -11 وہ 1982ء سے اس مکان میں رہ رہا ہے۔
- 12- The miser has been saving every penny for five years. -12 کنجوس پانچ سال سے ایک ایک پیسہ جمع کر رہا ہے۔
- 13- Aslam has been flying kite since noon. -13 اسلم دوپہر سے چنگ اڑا رہا ہے۔
- 14- All the friends have been travelling together since Tuesday. -14 سب دوست منگل سے اکٹھے سفر کر رہے ہیں۔
- 15- We have been preparing to go back since yesterday. -15 ہم کل سے واپس جانے کی تیاری کر رہے ہیں۔

Date:24th December,2020.

Day: Thursday

Novel: 'The Animal Farm'

Choose the correct answer:

1) All that year the animals worked like _____.

- (a)hard workers (b) good men (c) slaves (d) labors

2) The pigs were in ecstasies over _____ cunning.

- (a)Boxer (b)Clover (c)Napoleon (d)Benjamine

3) The harvest was a little less successful than in the _____ year.

- (a)previous (b)next (c)before (d)first

4)It was possible to foresee that the coming_____ would be a hard one.

- (a)summer (b)winter (c)spring (d)autumn

5)The animals were _____.

- (a)stupefield (b)excellent (c)good (d)better

6)There seemed no way of doing this except with _____ and crowbars.

- (a)Picks (b)pigs (c) crow (d) sparrow

7)By late Summer a sufficient store of _____ had accumulated.

- (a)Store (b)hut (c)Mill (d)house

8) The animals were not badly off throughout _____, in spite of the hardness of their work.

- (a) Seasons (b)summer (c)winter (d)weather

9)There was need of paraffin oil, _____, string, dog biscuits and iron for the horses.

- (a)nails (b) colors (c) Spears (d) hammer

10) Napoleon announced that he had decided upon a new _____.

(a) plan

(b) policy

(c) decision

(d) thought

Read the passage and answer the below mentioned questions.

The animals were shocked beyond measure to learn that even Snowball could be guilty of such an action. There was a cry of indignation, and everyone began thinking out ways of catching Snowball if he should ever come back. Almost immediately the footprints of a pig were discovered in the grass at a little distance from the knoll. They could only be traced for a few yards, but appeared to lead to a hole in the hedge. Napoleon snuffed deeply at them and pronounced them to be Snowball's. He gave it as his opinion that Snowball had probably come from the direction of Foxwood Farm.

Q.i) What did everyone begin to think?

Ans: _____

Q.ii) What did discover in the grass at a little distance from the knoll?

Ans: _____

Q.iii) Who snuffed deeply at footprints?

Ans: _____

Q.iv) Who gave his opinions that Snowball had probably come from the direction of Foxwood Farm?

Ans: _____

Q.V) what is the name of the story?

Ans: _____

How many of these statements are true? Write true or false () against them.

1. Only old Benjamin refused to grow enthusiastic about the windmill.
2. December came, with raging south-west winds.
3. Only Boxer and Clover never lost heart.
4. With one accord they dashed down to the spot.
5. Napoleon, who seldom moved out of a wall, raced ahead of them all.
6. In January food fell short.
7. Napoleon paced to and fro in silence, occasionally snuffing at the ground.
8. The animals were happy beyond measure to learn that even Snowball could be guilty of such an action.
9. The footprints of a pig discovered in the grass.
10. No more delays, comrades! Cried Benjamin.

Fill in the blank with suitable words from the box given below.

Farm, rest, uneasiness, resolutions, sly, pigs, tired, outside world, faintly, dry

- 1) Once again the animals were conscious of a vague _____.
- 2) All the animals remembered passing such _____.
- 3) Afterwards Squealer made a round of the farm and set the animals at a _____.
- 4) Every Monday Mr. Whymper visited the _____ as had been arranged.
- 5) Mr. Whymper was a _____ looking little man with side whiskers.
- 6) It was about this time that the _____ suddenly moved into the farmhouse.
- 7) By the autumn the animals were _____ but happy.
- 8) After the harvest there was a stretch of clear _____ weather.
- 9) Except through Whymper, there was a yet no contact between Animal farm and _____.
- 10) A few animals still felt _____ doubtful.

Match the column "A" with column "B".

Column "A"	Column "B"
There was need of	Mr. Whymper visited the farm
Every Sunday	Did not hate animals
The pigs suddenly	Little less successful
The harvest was a	Paraffin oil
The human beings	Moved into the farm
